

Questions Database

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/* #####  
##### Doctrine 1 Questions  
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/*EXAmPLE ## is the chapter ID (NULL,##,'What is the primary meaning of sanctification?','Sanctification is the process of setting apart or a state of being apart for God. '), */

/* IDENTIY WHICH DOCUMENTS EACH QUESTION REFERENCES AND REPLACE ## with ID */

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INSERT INTO dbi.courses_questions (cq_id, cq_cdl_id, cq_question, cq_answer, cq_weight, cq_hint, cq_order,  
on_sq, on_qz, on_fl ) VALUES
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/*NOT SURE IF THIS IS ALREADY IN DATABA\SE OR NOT Study questions 1 Introduction/

What is the meaning of Doctrine?Nini maana ya Mafundisho ya Biblia?Doctrine is the fundamental truths of the Bible arranged in a systematic form. Why do we describe theology or doctrine as “a science”? Kwa nini tunaielezea theolojia au Mafundisho ya Biblia kama sayansi?Because it consists of facts relating to God and Divine things systematically and logically arranged. What is the connection between theology and religion? Kuna uhusiano gani kati ya theolojia na dini?Theology is knowledge of God, and religion is the practice of what we know. What is the difference between a doctrine and a dogma?Kuna tofauti gani kati ya Mafundisho ya Biblia na mapokeo ya wanadamu (dogma)?Dogma is man’s statement of the truth set forth in a creed; while, doctrine is the fundamental truths of the Bible arranged in a systematic form. What connection does doctrine have with the truth found in the Word of God? Kuna uhusiano gani kati ya Mafundisho ya Biblia na ukweli unaopatikana katika neno la Mungu?That is exactly what doctrine is: the truths found in the word of God arranged in a systematic form. What connection does doctrine have with Salvation?Kwa uhusiano gani kati ya Mafundisho ya Biblia na wokovu? Toa Maandiko kuthibitisha.Give a Scripture reference. Correct doctrinal knowledge is essential to salvation. I Timothy 4:16 What connection does doctrine have with development of Christian character?Kwa uhusiano gani kati ya Mafundisho ya Biblia na maeudeleo ya tabia ya Mkristo?Doctrinal knowledge is essential to the full development of Christian character. Give verbatim I Tim. 4:16. Take heed unto thyself, and unto the doctrine; continue in them: for in doing this thou shalt both save thyself, and them that hear thee. Andika neno kwa neno I Timotheo 4:16.1 Timothy 4:16—Take heed unto thyself, and unto the doctrine; continue in them: for in doing this thou shalt both save thyself, and them that hear thee. Give verbatim II Tim. 2:15.Andika neno kwa neno II Timotheo 2:15.Study to shew thyself approved unto God, a workman that needeth not to be ashamed, rightly dividing the word of truth. Give verbatim II Tim. 3:16. Andika neno kwa neno II Timotheo 3:16.All scripture is given by inspiration of God, and is profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction in righteousness : -----another location from -----

,"",Study Questions 1 - Introduction ,"
",Maswali Ya Kujifunza 1 -
Utangulizi,,

,"",1. What is the meaning of Doctrine?,"",Nini
maana ya Mafundisho ya Biblia?,,

,"", Doctrine is the fundamental truths of the Bible arranged in a systematic form. ,"" ,,,

,"",2. Why do we describe theology or doctrine as “a science”? ,"" ,Kwa nini tunaielezea theolojia au Mafundisho ya Biblia kama sayansi?,,

,"",Because it consists of facts relating to God and Divine things systematically and logically arranged. ,"" ,,,

,"",3. What is the connection between theology and religion? ,"" ,Kuna uhusiano gani kati ya theolojia na dini?,,

,"",Theology is knowledge of God, and religion is the practice of what we know. ,"" ,,,

,"",4. What is the difference between a doctrine and a dogma? ,"" ,Kuna tofauti gani kati ya Mafundisho ya Biblia na mapokeo ya wanadamu (dogma)?,,

,"", Dogma is man?s statement of the truth set forth in a creed; while, doctrine is the fundamental truths of the Bible arranged in a systematic form. ,"" ,,,

, "" ,5. What connection does doctrine have with the truth found in the Word of God? , "" ,Kuna uhusiano gani kati ya Mafundisho ya Biblia na ukweli unaopatikana katika neno la Mungu? , ,

, "" ,That is exactly what doctrine is: the truths found in the word of God arranged in a systematic form. , "" , ,

, "" ,6. What connection does doctrine have with Salvation? , "" ,Kwa uhusiano gani kati Mafundisho ya Biblia na wokovu? Toa Maandiko kuthibitisha. , ,

, "" , Give a Scripture reference. Correct doctrinal knowledge is essential to salvation. I Timothy 4:16 , "" , ,

, "" ,7. What connection does doctrine have with development of Christian character? , "" ,Kwa uhusiano gani kati ya Mafundisho ya Biblia na maeudeleo ya tabia ya Mkristo? , ,

, "" ,Doctrinal knowledge is essential to the full development of Christian character. , "" , ,

, "" ,8. Give verbatim I Tim. 4:16. Take heed unto thyself, and unto the doctrine; continue in them:

for in doing this thou shalt both save thyself, and
them that hear thee. ,"" ,Andika neno kwa neno I
Timotheo 4:16.,,

,"" ,1 Timothy 4:16—Take heed unto thyself, and unto the
doctrine; continue in them: for in doing this thou shalt both
save thyself, and them that hear thee." ,"" ,,,

,"" ,9. Give verbatim II Tim. 2:15.,"" ,Andika neno
kwa neno II Timotheo 2:15.,,

,"" , Study to shew thyself approved unto God, a workman
that needeth not to be ashamed, rightly dividing the word of
truth. ,"" ,,,

,"" ,10. Give verbatim II Tim. 3:16. ,"" ,Andika
neno kwa neno II Timotheo 3:16.,,

,"" ,All scripture is given by inspiration of God, and is
profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for
instruction in righteousness : ,"" ,,,

,"" ,Quiz 1 - Introduction, "" ,Maswali
Ya Kujifunza 1 - Utangulizi,,

, "" ,1. What is the meaning of Doctrine?, "" ,Nini maana ya Mafundisho ya Biblia?,,

, "" , Doctrine is the fundamental truths of the Bible arranged in a systematic form. , "" ,,,

, "" ,2. Why do we describe theology or doctrine as “a science”? , "" ,Kwa nini tunaielezea theolojia au Mafundisho ya Biblia kama sayansi?,,

, "" , Because it consists of facts relating to God and Divine things systematically and logically arranged. , "" ,,,

, "" ,3. What is the connection between theology and religion?, "" ,Kuna uhusiano gani kati ya theolojia na dini?,,

, "" , Theology is knowledge of God, and religion is the practice of what we know. , "" ,,,

, "" ,4. What connection does doctrine have with the truth found in the Word of God?, "" ,Kuna uhusiano gani kati ya Mafundisho ya Biblia na ukweli unaopatikana katika neno la Mungu?,,

,"", That is exactly all doctrine is—the truths found in the word of God arranged in a systematic form. ,"" ,,,

,"",5. What connection does doctrine have with Salvation? Give a Scripture reference.,"" ,Kwa uhusiano gani kati Mafundisho ya Biblia na wokovu? Toa Maandiko kuthibitisha.,,

,"", Correct doctrinal knowledge is essential to salvation. I Timothy 4:16 ,"" ,,,

,"",6. What connection does doctrine have with development of Christian character?,"",Kwa uhusiano gani kati ya Mafundisho ya Biblia na maeudeleo ya tabia ya Mkristo?,,

,"", Doctrinal knowledge is essential to the full development of Christian character. ,"" ,,,

,"",Give verbatim II Tim. 4:16.,"" ,Andika neno kwa neno I Timotheo 4:16.,,

,"" ,"" ,,,

,"",Give verbatim II Tim. 2:15.,"" ,Andika neno kwa neno II Timotheo 2:15.,,

, "" , Study to shew thyself approved unto God, a workman that needeth not to be ashamed, rightly dividing the word of truth. , "" ,,,

/*Study Questions: 2 – Anthropology */ (NULL, ##, 'What does special creation mean?', 'Special Creation means that all living organisms will produce after it's kind.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What does being made in the image and likeness of God refer to?', 'It has reference particularly to a moral and intellectual likeness.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Can one form of life develop from another form of life; that is, can a snail become a fish, etc.?', 'No. One form of life cannot develop from another form of life.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What is a species?', 'A class of plants or animals which have characteristic properties in common and can be indefinitely propagated without changing those characteristics.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What is the test by which the distinction of species is known?', 'If living organisms can be paired together and so propagate indefinitely a fertile offspring, they are of the same species.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Is evolution a scientifically proven fact?', 'No. Evolution is a theory.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What was the original condition of man?', 'Endued with lofty intellectual faculties. Created a perfect being. Created a free moral agent. Created with an inherent religious instinct. Created sinless.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Does man really have a choice between right and wrong?', 'Yes. Man was created a free moral agent having the freedom of choice.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 1), (NULL, ##, 'By way of creation did man have any consciousness of moral responsibility?', 'Yes. Man was created with an inherent religious instinct, which made him conscious of moral responsibility to God.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'In what kind of state was man when he was created?', 'Man was created sinless and innocent of evil.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0),

/* SQ: 3 */ (NULL, ##, 'What is Harmartiology?', 'Harmartiology is the doctrine or science of sin.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Why is it referred to as a science?', 'It is called a science because it consists of systematically and logically arranged facts.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What is the most tragic fact connected with man?', 'The most tragic even connected with man is his fall into sin.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What does Genesis 3:1-6 reveal?', 'It reveals that the first man fell.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What were the steps in the fall?', 'Listening to slanders about God. Doubting God's Word and His love. Looking at what God has forbidden. Lusting for what God has prohibited.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Name the two trees of destiny in Genesis 2?', 'a) the tree of life. b) the tree of knowledge of good and evil.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Why was the forbidden tree placed in the garden?', 'It was placed in the garden as a test for man.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What agent did Satan employ in the temptation?', 'Satan employed the agent of a serpent in the temptation.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What was the outstanding characteristic of the agent?', 'The serpent was more subtil than any other beast.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What were the evidences of a guilty conscience?', 'They ran, hid, and tried to cover themselves.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Give the verse in Genesis 3 that promised redemption.', 'Genesis 3:15—*And I will put enmity between thee and the woman, and between thy seed and her seed; it shall bruise thy head, and thou shalt bruise his heel.*', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Give one scripture to prove all have sinned.', 'Romans 3:23—*For all have sinned, and come short of the glory of God.*', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What effect does Adam's sin have in us? Give reference.', 'The effect of Adam's sin upon all humanity is death. Romans 5:12; 6:23', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'To what is the whole race in captivity?', 'The whole race of man is hopelessly captive to sin and satan.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'To what extent is man affected by sin?', 'The *entire* nature of man—mentally, spiritually, morally, and physically—is sadly affected by sin.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What does sin do to the understanding? Give reference.', 'Sin darkens the understanding. Eph. 4:18 [and/or] 1 Cor. 2:14', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What does Jeremiah say is wrong with the heart?', 'The heart is deceitful and wicked. Jer. 17:9,10', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What happens to the mind and conscience?', 'The mind and conscience are defiled. Gen. 6:5; Titus 1:15', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'How does sin influence the Flesh and Spirit?', 'The flesh and spirit are defiled. 2 Cor. 7:1', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What happens to the will when falling into sin?', 'The will is enfeebled. Rom. 7:18', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0),

/* SQ: 4 */ (NULL, ##, 'What does Soteriology mean?', 'Soteriology is the doctrine or science of salvation.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Name the five cardinal doctrines.', 'Salvation, Healing, Baptism, Sanctification, Second Coming', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What does the word salvation include?', 'Salvation is an all inclusive word: deliverance, safety, preservation, soundness, restoration, healing', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What are the three aspects of salvation?', 'Justification, Regeneration, and Sanctification', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Is salvation an outward or inward experience?', 'Salvation is both and outward and inward experience.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What does justification mean?', 'Justification means to be set in right relationship with God.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What does regeneration mean?', 'Regeneration is being born into the family of God.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What does sanctification mean?', 'Sanctification is being separated from sin and unto God.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What is meant by the 'conditions of salvation'?', 'God's requirements in the man whom He accepts for Christ's sake and on whom He freely bestows the blessings of the gospel of grace.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What are the conditions of salvation? Give references.', 'Repentance — Faith — Confession. Mark 1:15; Acts 22:16; 16:31; Romans 10:9,10; Hebrews 11:6; Acts 8: 13,21', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What is the difference between repentance and faith?', 'Faith receives salvation, but repentance renounces sin.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What is the command of God to all men everywhere?', 'God's command to all men everywhere is to repent. Acts 17:30', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'How does the Holy Spirit help a person to repent?', 'The Holy Spirit brings conviction of sin.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Is intellectual faith sufficient for salvation? Give reference.', 'No. We must have more than what the devils have! James 2:19', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Give verbatim Hebrews 11:6.', 'But without faith it is impossible to please him: for he that cometh to God must believe that he is, and that he is a rewarder of them that diligently seek him.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What is the difference between belief and faith?', 'Faith is a Divine activity and Believing is a human action.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What is it that produces faith?', 'The Revealed Word produces faith. (Faith cometh by hearing and hearing by the Word of God.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What does

conversion mean? ', 'Conversion means a change of mind, direction and character. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'How is conversion to be distinguished from salvation? ', 'Conversion describes the human or manward side of salvation. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Is conversion entirely a matter of human effort? ', 'Conversion is not entirely a matter of human effort; it requires the aid and ability of God. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Which comes first, regeneration or conversion? ', 'Regeneration and conversion are simulations. [Regeneration — cause / Conversion — effect <Working together>]', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0),

/* SQ: 5 */ (NULL, ##, 'What kind of a term is justification?', 'Justification is a judicial term.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What is the nature of justification? Divine Acquittal. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'How is this made available to individuals? By faith. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Is this merely a temporary state or a permanent state? Give Scripture. ', (NULL, ##, 'Justification is a state of acceptance in which the believer stands. (Rom. 5:2) ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Is Justification a matter of past behavior or present imperfection? ', 'Justification is not a matter of either past behavior or present imperfection. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'In what sense is justification subtraction and addition? ', 'Subtraction-takes away our sin. Addition-God imputes to us righteousness. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Why is justification necessary? Give scripture. ', 'Man is condemned. All have sinned Job 9:2; Acts 16:30; Rom. 3:23 ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What were the steps in the downfall of the Gentiles? ', 'Once Knew God. Glorified Him not as God. Neither were thankful. Became vain in their imaginations. Their minds were darkened. Blindness let to idolatry. Idolatry led to moral corruption. They are without excuse. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Is the Jew under condemnation? Give Scripture. Yes. Rom. 3:19 ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What knowledge does the law give us? Knowledge of sin. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What is the source of Justification? Grace', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What does grace mean? Unmerited favor ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Is Christian service payment for God's grace? No, expression of love and devotion. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Is grace based on the sinner's merit or demerit? Absolutely apart from merit or demerit. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Is grace treating a person better than he deserves? ', 'Grace is neither treating a person better or worse than he deserves. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Is grace independent of man's work? ', 'Grace is independent of man's works. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What is the difference between law and grace? ', 'Law says "pay all"; grace says "all is paid." ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What does "prevenient grace" mean? Going before ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What does "habitual grace" mean? ', 'The effects of the indwelling of the Spirit resulting in fruit. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What does "actual grace" mean? ', 'Enables man to live right ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0),

/* SQ: 6 */ (NULL, ##, 'What is the grounds of justification?', 'Christ's Righteousness.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'How can God treat a sinner as a righteous person?', 'because he provides for him righteousness.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Is it right to give the title of "good" and "righteous" to one who has not earned it? Explain.', 'Yes, because Jesus Christ has earned it for and on behalf of the sinner.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What does redemption mean?', 'complete deliverance by a price paid. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What was the price paid for our righteousness?', 'Christ's atoning death.(The blood) ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Why does man need righteousness?', 'because man must appear before God and heaven clothed in the garment of a perfectly righteous character. (Rev. 19:8) ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Righteousness is imputed; but is it also imparted?', 'Righteousness is imputed in justification and imparted in regeneration.. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What is a *propitiation*?', 'that which secures God's favor for the undeserving. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Why did Christ die? (To save...and secure what?) ', 'Christ died in order to save us from God's righteous wrath and to secure His favor. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What are the sinners' garments considered to be in the eyes of God?', 'defiled and tattered; "filthy rags"; in the eyes of God. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'Why was the death of Jesus a perfect act of righteousness?', 'it satisfied God's Law. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'In speaking of the provision of righteousness, what does *imputation* mean?', 'Reckoning Christ's righteousness to our account. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What is *regeneration*?', 'being born into the divine family of God . ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What does "being in Christ" speak of?', 'Answer: The change of position . ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What does "Christ being in you" speak of?', 'Answer: The change of conduct . ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What is the means of justification?', 'The means of justification is faith. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What is the instrument which appropriates the righteousness of God?', 'Faith ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What are the three operations of faith?', 'Faith appropriates, Faith applies, Faith activates', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What is the actual operation of faith?', 'Faith not only passively receives, but also actively uses what God bestows.', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1),

/* SQ: 7 */ (NULL, ##, 'What is Regeneration? ', 'Impartation of new and higher life in Christ; being born into the divine family; ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What does the N.T. describe Regeneration as? ', 'A birth, a cleansing, a quickening, a creation, a resurrection. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Why does man need Regeneration? ', 'Man is spiritually dead. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What were the three things revealed in the words of Nicodemus? ', ' Lack of life, lack of conviction, lack of knowledge. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What was Nicodemus' first question? ', ' How can a man be born when he is old? ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What was his second question? ', 'Can he enter the second time into his mother's womb, and be born?', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What was his third question? ', 'How can these things be? ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What was Jesus' first question to Nicodemus? ', 'Art thou a master of Israel and knowest not these things? ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What is the deepest and universal need of all? ', 'A change of the whole nature and character ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What is the means of Regeneration? ', 'The divine Agent of the Holy Spirit and human reparation. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'Who is involved in Regeneration? ', 'The Trinity. The Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What is the human preparation in Regeneration? ', 'Repentance, faith, and confession. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What is the meaning of the word "adoption"? ', 'Adoption means giving the position of sons. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What are the effects of Regeneration?', 'Positionally: born of God. Spiritually: united with God. Practically: righteousliving . ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What kind of term is "adoption"? ', 'Adoption is a legal term. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1), (NULL, ##, 'What is new in Rom. 6:4? Newness of life. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What is new in Ezek. 36:26? A new heart. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What is new in Ezek. 11:19? A new spirit. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'What is new in Eph. 4:24? A new man. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 0, 0), (NULL, ##, 'How will a person born of God demonstrate the fact of being a new man? ', 'Hatred of sin, practice deeds, brotherly love, victory over the world. ', 5, NULL, 1, 1, 1, 1);

/* ##### Studying Questions

*/

,"",Study Questions: 4 ? Soteriology, Pt. 1,"",MASWALI 4 ? YA MAFUNDISHO YA BIBLIA,,

,"", (Introduction & The Nature of Salvation), "" ,,,

,"", 1. What does Soteriology mean?, "" ,Maana Soteriolojia ni nini?,,

,"", Soteriology is the doctrine or science of salvation. , "" ,,,

,"", 2. Name the five cardinal doctrines., "" ,Taja mafundisho makuu matano?,,

,"", Salvation, Healing, Baptism, Sanctification, Second Coming , "" ,,,

,"", 3. What does the word salvation include?, "" ,Neno wokovu linahusisha nini?,,

,"", Salvation is an all inclusive word: deliverance, safety, preservation, soundness, restoration, healing , "" ,,,

,"", 4. What are the three aspects of salvation?, "" ,Mitazano mitatu ya wokovu ni ipi?,,

,"", Justification, Regeneration, and Sanctification , "" ,,,

,"", 5. Is salvation an outward or inward experience?, "" ,Ni nini maana ya kuhesabiwa haki?,,

,"", Salvation is both and outward and inward experience. , "" ,,,

,"", 6. What does justification mean?, "" ,Ni nini maana ya kuzaliwa upya?,,

,"", Justification means to be set in right relationship with God. , "" ,,,

,"", 7. What does regeneration mean?, "" ,Ni nini maana ya kutakaswa?,,

,"", Regeneration is being born into the family of God. , "" ,,,

,"", 8. What does sanctification mean?, "" ,Masharti ya wokovu ni yapi? Toa maelezo.,

,"", Sanctification is being separated from sin and unto God. , "" ,,,

,"", 9. What is meant by the ?conditions of salvation??, "" ,,,

,"", God?s requirements in the man whom He accepts for Christ?s sake and on whom He freely bestows the blessings of the gospel of grace.
,"", ,,,

,"", 10. What are the conditions of salvation? Give references., "" ,Je imani ya kielimu inatosha kwa wokovu? Toa maelezo.,

,"", Repentance — Faith — Confession. , "" ,,,

,Mark 1:15; Acts 22:16; 16:31; Romans 10:9,10; Hebrews 11:6; Acts 8: 13,21, "" ,,,

, "" ,11. What is the difference between repentance and faith?, "" ,Ni kitu gani hutela imani?,,

, "" ,Faith receives salvation, but repentance renounces sin., "" ,,,

, "" ,12. ?What is the command of God to all men everywhere?, "" ,,,

, "" ,God?s command to all men everywhere is to repent. Acts 17:30, "" ,,,

, "" ,13. How does the Holy Spirit help a person to repent?, "" ,,,

, "" ,The Holy Spirit brings conviction of sin., "" ,,,

, "" ,**S.Q. #4, continued**, "" ,,,

, "" ,14. Is intellectual faith sufficient for salvation? Give reference., "" ,,,

, "" ,No. We must have more than what the devils have! James 2:19, "" ,,,

, "" , "" ,,,

, "" ,15. Give verbatim Hebrews 11:6., "" ,,,

, "" ,But without faith it is impossible to please him: for he that cometh to God must believe that he is, and that he is a rewarder of them that diligently seek him., "" ,,,

, "" ,16. What is the difference between belief and faith?, "" ,,,

, "" ,Faith is a Divine activity and Believing is a human action., "" ,,,

, "" ,17. What is it that produces faith? , "" ,,,

, "" ,The Revealed Word produces faith. (Faith cometh by hearing and hearing by the Word of God.) , "" ,,,

, "" ,18. What does conversion mean? , "" ,,,

, "" ,Conversion means a change of mind, direction and character., "" ,,,

, "" ,19. How is conversion to be distinguished from salvation? , "" ,,,

, "" ,Conversion describes the human or manward side of salvation., "" ,,,

, "" ,20. Is conversion entirely a matter of human effort? , "" ,,,

, "" ,Conversion is not entirely a matter of human effort; it requires the aid and ability of God., "" ,,,

, "" ,21. Which comes first, regeneration or conversion? , "" ,,,

, "" ,Regeneration and conversion are simulations., "" ,,,

, "" ,[Regeneration ? cause / Conversion ? effect <Working together>] , "" ,,,

, "" ,Quiz: 4 ? Soteriology Pt. 1, "" ,,,

, "" ,(Introduction & The Nature of Salvation), "" ,,,

, "", 1. What does Soteriology mean? , "", , , ,
, "", Soteriology is the doctrine or science of salvation. , "", , , ,
, "", 2. Name the five cardinal doctrines. , "", , , ,
, "", Salvation, Healing, Baptism, Sanctification, Second Coming , "", , , ,
, "", 3. What are the three aspects of salvation? , "", , , ,
, "", Justification, Regeneration, and Sanctification , "", , , ,
, "", 4. What does justification mean? , "", , , ,
, "", Justification means to be set in right relationship with God. , "", , , ,
, "", 5. What does regeneration mean? , "", , , ,
, "", Regeneration is being born into the family of God. , "", , , ,
, "", 6. What does sanctification mean? , "", , , ,
, "", Sanctification is being separated from sin and unto God. , "", , , ,
, "", 7. What are the conditions of salvation? Give references. , "", , , ,
, "", Repentance — Faith — Confession. , "", , , ,
, "", ?Mark 1:15; Acts 22:16; 16:31; Romans 10:9,10; Hebrews 11:6; Acts 8: 13,21 , "", , , ,
, "", 8. Is intellectual faith sufficient for salvation? Give reference. , "", , , ,
, "", No. We must have more than what the devils have! James 2:19 , "", , , ,
, "", 9. What is it that produces faith? , "", , , ,
, "", The Revealed Word produces faith. (Faith cometh by hearing and hearing by the Word of God.) , "", , , ,
, "", 10. How is conversion to be distinguished from salvation? , "", , , ,
, "", Conversion describes the human or manward side of salvation. , "", , , ,
, "", Bonus: Give verbatim Hebrews 11:6 , "", , , ,
, "", But without faith it is impossible to please him: for he that cometh to God must believe that he is, and that he is a rewarder of them that diligently seek him. , "", , , ,

, "", Study Questions: 5 ? Soteriology, Pt. 2 , "", , , ,

, "", (Justification, Pt. 1) , "", , , ,
, "", 1. What kind of a term is justification? Justification is a judicial term. , "", , , ,

, "" ,2. What is the nature of justification? Divine Acquittal. , "" ,,,
, "" ,3. How is this made available to individuals? By faith. , "" ,,,
, "" ,4. Is this merely a temporary state or a permanent state? Give Scripture. , "" ,,,
, "" ,?Justification is a state of acceptance in which the believer stands. (Rom. 5:2) , "
" ,,,
, "" ,5. Is Justification a matter of past behavior or present imperfection? , "" ,,,
, "" ,Justification is not a matter of either past behavior or present imperfection. , "" ,,,
, "" ,6. In what sense is justification subtraction and addition? , "" ,,,
, "" ,Subtraction-takes away our sin , "" ,,,
, "" ,Addition-God imputes to us righteousness. , "" ,,,
, "" ,7. Why is justification necessary? Give scripture. , "" ,,,
, "" ,Man is condemned. All have sinned Job 9:2; Acts 16:30; Rom. 3:23 , "" ,,,
, "" ,8. What were the steps in the downfall of the Gentiles? , "" ,,,
, "" ,1. Once Knew God , "" ,,,
, "" ,2. Glorified Him not as God , "" ,,,
, "" ,3. Neither were thankful , "" ,,,
, "" ,4. Became vain in their imaginations , "" ,,,
, "" ,5. Their minds were darkened , "" ,,,
, "" ,6. Blindness led to idolatry , "" ,,,
, "" ,7. Idolatry led to moral corruption , "" ,,,
, "" ,8. They are without excuse. , "" ,,,
, "" ,9. Is the Jew under condemnation? Give Scripture. Yes. Rom. 3:19 , "" ,,,
, "" ,10. What knowledge does the law give us? Knowledge of sin. , "" ,,,
, "" ,11. What is the source of Justification? Grace , "" ,,,
, "" ,12. What does grace mean? Unmerited favor , "" ,,,
, "" ,13. Is Christian service payment for God?s grace? No, expression of love and devotion. , "" ,,,

, "" ,14. Is grace based on the sinner?s merit or demerit? Absolutely apart from merit or demerit. , "" ,,,

, "" ,15. Is grace treating a person better than he deserves? , "" ,,,

, "" ,Grace is neither treating a person better or worse than he deserves. , "" ,,,

, "" ,16. Is grace independent of man?s work? , "" ,,,

, "" ,Grace is independent of man?s works. , "" ,,,

, "" ,17. What is the difference between law and grace? , "" ,,,

, "" ,Law says “pay all”; grace says “all is paid.” , "" ,,,

, "" ,18. What does “prevenient grace” mean ? Going before , "" ,,,

, "" ,19. What does “habitual grace” mean? , "" ,,,

, "" ,The effects of the indwelling of the Spirit resulting in fruit. , "" ,,,

, "" ,20. What does “actual grace” mean? , "" ,,,

, "" ,Enables man to live right , "" ,,,

, "" ,Quiz: 5 ? Soteriology, Pt. 2 , "" ,,,

, "" ,(Justification, Pt. 1), "" ,,,

, "" ,1. What kind of a term is justification? Justification is a judicial term. , "" ,,,

, "" ,2. What is the nature of justification? Divine Acquittal. , "" ,,,

, "" ,3. In what sense is justification subtraction and addition? , "" ,,,

, "" ,Subtraction-takes away our sin , "" ,,,

, "" ,Addition-God imputes to us righteousness. , "" ,,,

, "" ,4. Why is justification necessary? Give scripture. , "" ,,,

, "" ,Man is condemned. All have sinned Job 9:2; Acts 16:30; Rom. 3:23 , "" ,,,

, "" ,5. What knowledge does the law give us? Knowledge of sin. , "" ,,,

, "" ,Grace , "" ,,,

, "" ,6. What does grace mean? Unmerited favor , "" ,,,

, "" ,7. Is grace treating a person better than he deserves? , "" ,,,

,Grace is neither treating a person better or worse than he deserves. ,"" ,,,

, "" ,8. Is grace independent of man?s work? , "" ,,,

, "" ,Grace is independent of man?s works. , "" ,,,

, "" ,9. What does “prevenient grace” mean? Going before , "" ,,,

, "" ,10. What does “habitual grace” mean? , "" ,,,

, "" ,The effects of the indwelling of the Spirit resulting in fruit. , "" ,,,

, "" ,D. The Grounds of Justification ? Christ?s Righteousness

, "" ,D. Sababu ya Kuhesabuliwa Haki ? Haki ya Kristo. ,,, "

, "" ,How can God treat a sinner as a righteous person? , "" ,Vipi Mungu awezaye kuona mwenye dhambi kama mtu mwenye haki? ,,

, "" ,God provides the repentant sinner with righteousness. , "" ,Mungu amemfanya Mwenye kutubu kuwa mwenye haki. ,,

, "" ,1. The Provision of Righteousness , "" ,1. Kufanywa haki ,,

, "" ,Is it just to give the title of “good” and “righteous” to one who has not earned it? The Lord Jesus Christ has earned it for and on behalf of the sinner, who is declared righteous “through the redemption that is in Christ Jesus,” Rom. 3:24, "" , "Ni tu swali ya kutowa mwita ya “wema” na “kuwa mwenye haki” kwa mtu ambaye haistahili? Bwana yesu Kristo aliipaka kwa ajili na kwa faida ya mwenye dhambi, amae amenenwa kuwa haki e kwa njia ya wokovu ambao imekuwemo ndani ya Yesu Kristo” Warumi 3:24. " ,,

, "" ,What does redemption mean? , "" ,Wokovu maana yake nini? ,,

, "" ,Redemption means complete deliverance by a price paid. , "" ,Wokovu maana kwachiliwa mzima baada ya kulipa bei. ,,

, "" ,2. The Price of Righteousness , "" ,2. Bei ya Haki ,,

, "" ,Christ earned or paid for this righteousness for us and the price is His atoning death. Romans 3:25 says: "" ,Kristo aliyapato ao kiyalipa hiyo Haki juu yetu na bei ni ni kifo chake cha utubio. Warumi 3:25 imesema: ,,

, "" ,Propitiation is that which secures God?s favor for the undeserving. Christ died in order to save us from God?s righteous wrath and to secure His favor to us. Propitiation means *mercy seat*. (Ex. 26:34; Heb. 9:5; I John 2:2; 4:10) , "" ,Upatanisho ni ile ambayo imesalamisha fadhili ya Mungu kwa wale ambaye hawastahili. Kristo alikufa ili kusudi tuelepushwe kwa hasira ya Mungu yenye haki na kusalamisha fadhili yake kwetu. Upatanisho maana kitu chenye rehema (Kutoka 26:34; Waebrania 9:5; I Yohana 2:2; 4:10). ,,

, "" ,e. The Need of Righteousness , "" ,e. haja ya Haki ,,

, "" ,As the body needs clothing, so the soul needs character. As one must appear before the world clothed in proper garments, so must man appear before God and heaven clothed in the garment of a perfectly righteous character. Rev. 3:4, 7:13, 14; 19:8 , "" , "Kama mwili imehitaji mavazi, kadhalika nafsi imehitaji moenendo, kama moja amepasa kuonekana mbele ya ulimwengu mwenye kuvaa vazi yenye kufaa, hivyo mtu amepasa kuonekana mbele ya Mungu and mbingu mwenye kuvaa vazi ya mwenendo mwenye haki kamilifu. Ufunuo 3:4, 7:13, 14; 19:8 " ,,

, "" ,The sinner?s garment is defiled and tattered. Zech. 3:1-4 And were he to clothe himself in his own goodness and merits and plead his own good deeds, they would be considered as “filthy rags”. Isa. 64:6; James 5:2; Jude 23 , "" , "Vazi ya mwenye dhambi ni naijisi na yenye kuchakaa zakaria 3:1-4. Na alijivika mwenyewe katika wema wake mwenyewe and staha na kutetea matendo yake mema, yataonekana kama “viraka vyenye uchafu”. Isaya 64:6, yakobo 5:2; yuda 23. " ,,

, "" ,We need to guard against defiling our garments. Rev. 3:4; 16:15, "" ,Tumehitaji kujizuiza kwa unajisi wa mavazi zetu. Ufunuo 3:4; 16:15. ,,

, "" ,f. The Provision of Righteousness , "" ,f. Toleo ya haki ,,

, "" ,1) Righteousness was purchased by Christ's substitutionary death., "" ,1) Haki zilininiwa kwa kifo ya kristo chenye ukombozi. ,,

, "" ,God has provided a garment. Isa. 61:10; Isa. 53:5,11; Rom. 4:6;5:18,19; II Cor. 5:21 His death was a perfect act of righteousness because it satisfied the law of God; it was also a perfect act of obedience. And all this was done on our behalf and placed to our credit. The act by which God charges or reckons this righteousness to our account is called **imputation**., "" , "Mungu alitolea vazi. Isaya 61:10; Isaya 53:5, 11; Warumi 4:6;5: 18, 19; II Wakorinto 5:21 kifo chake kilikuwa tendo ya haki, kwani ilishirikiana na sheria ya Mungu; ilikuwa tendo kamilifu ya utii. Na hiyo yote ili tendeka kwa farida yetu na kutiwa kwa ziada yetu. Tendo ambayo Mungu tiya hiyo haki kwenye faida yetu imeitwa “utiliwa” (**imputation**), "",

, "" ,2) Righteousness is imputed to our account., "" ,2) Haki ilitiliwa kwenye faida yetu ,,

, "" ,Imputation is the reckoning to a person the consequences of another's act. For example, the consequences of Adam's sin are reckoned to his descendants. The consequences of man's sin were reckoned to Christ, and the consequences of Christ's obedience are reckoned to the believer. He wore our garment of righteousness. He “is made unto us righteousness,” I Cor. 1:30. He becomes “the Lord our righteousness,” Jer. 23:6., "" , "Utiliwo ni hesabu kwa mtu matokeo ya tendo la mukugine kwa mfano, matokeo ya dhambi ya adamu ilihesabuliwa kwa uzao wake. Matokeo ya dhambi ya mtu ilihesabuliwa kwa mwaminifu. Alivaa vazi yetu ya haki. “Amefanywa kwetu haki,” I wakorinto 1:30. Amekuwa “mfalme wa haki yetu”, Yereimia 23:6 "",

, "" ,Christ expiated our guilt, satisfied the law, both by obedience and suffering, and became our substitute, so that being united with Him by faith, His death becomes our death, His righteousness our righteousness, His obedience our obedience. God then accepts us not for anything in us, not for works—Rom. 3:28; Gal. 2:16—or merit, but for the perfect all-sufficient righteousness of Christ set to our account. For Christ's sake, God treats the guilty man, when penitent and believing, as if he were righteous., "" , "Kristo aliandoa hatia yetu, alitamiliza mapashwa ya sheria, kwa njia ya utii na mabeso, na alikuwa mkombozi wetu, ili kusudi, wakati tumeungana naye kwa imani, kifo chake kimekuwa kifo chetu, haki yake imekuwa haki yetu, utii wake umekuwa utii wetu. Mungu kumbe ametukubali, siyo kwa ajili ya kitu chochote ndani mwenu, wala kwa ajali ya matendo ? warumi 3:28; wagalatia 2:16 ? ao kustahili, walakini ni kwa ajili ya haki kamilifu na yenye kutosha ya kristo yenye kutiliwa upande wetu. Kwa farida ya Kristo, Mungu ameangalia mtu mwenye hatia, wakati ametubia na kusadiki, kama mwenye haki. "",

, "" ,3) Righteousness is imparted to our life., "" ,3) Haki imetolewa kwa maisha yetu. ,,

" , "" ,Justification that saves is something external, and concerns the sinner's **position**, but is there no change in **condition**? , "" , "Kuhesabuliwa haki ambao imeokowa ni kitu cha njem a ni kuhusu upamuzi wa mutenda dhambi, walakini hakuna madiliko lolote katika hali? "",

, "" ,? It affects his **standing**, but what of his **conduct**? , "" , "Imegusa utu wake, lakini ni nini kuhusu mwenendo wake? "",

, "" ,? Righteousness is **imputed** but is it also **imparted**? , "" , "Haki imetiliwa, lakini imetolewa tena? "",

, "" ,? In justification Christ is **forus**, but is He also **inus**? , "" , "Katika kuhesabuliwa kuwa haki kristo ni upande wetu, lakini amekuwa tena ndani mwetu? "",

, "" ,In other words, it seems that imputation would dishonor the law if it were not bound up with security of future righteousness., "" , "Maana, imeonekana ya kuwa utilia inge chafua sheria ikawa haikuambatane na usalama wa haki ijao. "",

, "" ,The answer is that justifying faith is the initial act of Christian life and this initial act, when the faith is living, is followed by an inward, spiritual change known as regeneration., "" , "Jibu ni kwamba hiyo imani yenye haki ni tendo la kwanza ya maisha ya kikristo, na hiyo tendo la kwanza, wakati imani ikohai, imefwatwa na mabadili ya kiroho ya ndani yenye kujulikana kama kuzaliwa upya kwa kiroho (regeneration). ",

, "" ,Righteousness is imputed in justification and imparted in regeneration. The Christ who is for us becomes the Christ in us. “Christ liveth in me,” Gal. 2:20., "" , "Kaki imetiliwa katika kuhesabuliwa kuwa haki na imetolewa katika kuzaliwa upya kwa kiroho (regeneration). Kristo ambae amekuwa upande wetu amekuwa kristo ndani mwetu. “Kristo ameishi ndani muangu”, Wagalatia 2:20 "",

, "" ,a) The change of position - Being in Christ , "" ,a) Mabadiliko ya uamuzi- wakati ndani ya Kristo. ,,

, "" ,Rom. 8:1; II Cor. 5:17 I John 2:5-6, "" ,Warumi 8:1; II wakorinto 5:17 Iyohana 2:5-6 ,,

, "" ,b) The change of conduct ? Christ in You, "" ,b) Mabadiliko ya mwenendo ? Kristo ndani mwako. ,,

, "" ,Christ being in you Col. 1:27; Eph. 3:17; Gal. 4:19; Eph. 4:13, "" , "Kristo ndani mwako wakolosai 1:27, waefeso 3:17; wagalatia 4:19; waefeso 4:13. "",

,",Being in Christ and Christ in us actually go together John 15:4 John 14:23I John 3:24; 4:13 Real salvation calls for a life of practical holiness. They who wear His righteousness will be careful to purify themselves. I John 3:3,"", "Kuwa ndani ya kristo na kridto ndani mwetu imeenda sasa pamoja. Yohana 15:4; 14:23, I yohana 3: 24; 4:13 wokovu halisi zimeomba maisha yenye matumizi ya utkalifu. Wale ambao wamevaa haki yake wakafanya iwezekanavyo kujitakasa wenyewe. I Yohana 3:3",,

,",E. The Means of Justification ? Faith ,",E. Vyombo vy kuhesabuliwa kuwa haki ? Imani ,,

,",Justification is by faith. Since the law cannot justify, man?s only hope is for a “righteousness without the law” (Rom. 3:21). This is not an unlawful unrighteousness, or a religion that permits us to sin, but is justification that changes our position with God based on the merits of Christ. This is the “righteousness of God” (a righteousness which God imparts), and it is a gift because man lacks the power to develop it or work it out. (Eph. 2:8-10) The three operations of faith are as follows:,"", "Kuhesabuliwa kuwahaki ni kwa imani. Kwa sababu sheria haiwezi kuhesabu kuwa haki, taraja tu ya mtu ni “Haki bila shema” (warumi 3:21). Hiyo siyo kutokuwa haki bila kutokea kwa sheria, ao dini ambayo imetujuzu to tenda dhambi, lakini ni kuhesabuliwa kwoa haki ambao kumebadili uamuzi wetu na Mungu yenye kuketi juu ya staha ya kristo. Hiyo ndiyo “Haki ya Mungu” (Haki ambao Mungu ametolea), na imekuwa kipawa kwa sababu mtu amekosa mamlaka ya kuikomalisha ao kuitimiza. (waefeso 2:8-10). Kazi matatu ya imani ni hiyi ifwatayo: ",,

,",1. Faith Appropriates ,",1. Imani imejichulia ,,

,",A gift must be accepted. How then is the gift of righteousness accepted? What is the instrument which appropriates the righteousness of Christ? ?It is the faith.,"", "Kipawa kimepasa kukubaliwa. Vipi sasa kipawa cha haki kimekubaliwa? Ni chambo gani kimejichukulia haki ya kristo. Ni imani. ,,

,",Galatians 2:16—*Knowing that a man is not justified by the works of the law, but by the faith of Jesus Christ, even we have believed in Jesus Christ, that we might be justified by **the faith of Christ**, and not by the works of the law: for by the works of the law shall no flesh be justified.*?,,"", "Wagalatia 2:16—*Hali tukijua ya kuwa mwanadamu hahesabiwi haki kwa matendo ya sheria, bali kwa imani ya kristo yesu, sisi tulimuwamini kristo Yesu ili kuhesabiwe haki kwa imani ya kristo, wala si kwa matendo ya sheria; maana kwa matendo ya sheria hatuna mwenye mwili atakayehesabiwa haki.* ",,

,",Faith is the hand, so to speak, which takes what God offers. Faith is the instrumental cause of justification. Rom. 3:22; 4:11; 9:30; Heb. 11:7; Phil. 3:9 Faith lays hold of God?s promise and appropriates salvation.,"",,,

,",2. Faith Applies,"",2. Imani imetenda ,,

,",Psalm 51:7—*Purge me with hyssop, and I shall be clean: wash me, and I shall be whiter than snow.* ,","Zaburi 51:7—*Unitakase na ?., na nitatakaswa: unitawadhe, na nitakuwa mweupe zaidi kuliko theluji.* ",,

,",Faith not only **takes**all that God has to offer, but it **applies**it to the soul.,"", "Imani haichukuwe tu yale yote Mungu ametoa, lakini yameikabizi kwenye nafsi. ",,

,",3. Faith activates ,",3. Imani imeamusha. ,,

,",Faith not only passively **receives**, but also actively **uses**what God bestows. Faith is also an affair of the heart. (See Rom. 10:9,10; Compare Matt. 15:19 with Prov. 4:23.) ,","Imani haripokee tu bila kutenda, lakini imetumia kwa kutenda ile ambayo mungu ametoa. Imani ni tena yenye kutegemea roho (angalia katika warumi 10:9,10; linganisha mathayo 15:19 na Mathali 4:23) ",,

,",Faith involves works. The Scripture speaks of a “work of faith.” ,","Imani imeamba matendo. Maandiko yamezungumzia kuhusu “ kazi za imani.”

,,

,"",Gal. 5:6—*Faith which worketh*,"",wagalatia
5:6 ? Imani itendayo. ,,

,"",I Thess. 1:3—*Work of faith*,"",Awathesaloni
1:3 ? Kazi ya imani

,,

,"",Faith produces works—James 2:26,"",Imani
imezoa?Yakobo 2:26 ,,

,"",Faith proved by works—James 2:18,"",Imani
imehakikishwa kwa matendo—Yakobo 2:18 ,,

,"",Faith protected by works—James 2:22,"",Imani
imelindwa na matendo?Yakobo 2:22 ,,

,"",That is, faith is an energetic principle; as well
as, a receptive attitude. Faith is therefore a
powerful motive to obedience and to every good
work. Faith involves the will and is connected
with all good choices and actions. (Rom. 14:23)

Faith includes the choice and pursuit of the truth. (II Thess. 2:12) Faith implies subjection to the righteousness of God. (Rom. 10:3) ,"" , "Ni hivyo, imani ni mila yenye nguvu; na hali ya kuwa tayari kwa kupokea. Kumbema imani ni sababu fulani kwa utii na kwa tendo lote lililo bora. Imani imeomba mapenzi na imeambatana na machaguzi na metendo yote mema. (Warumi 14:23) Imani ina ndani yake uchaguzi ara kutafutisha kweli. (II Wathesalonike 2:12) Imani imeonyesha utii kwa haki ya Mungu (Warumi 10:3). ",,

, "" , Study
Questions: 6

?

Soteriology,

Pt. 3 , "" ,,,

,"", (Justification, Pt. 2), "" ,,,

,"", 1. What is the grounds of justification?

Christ's Righteousness. , "" ,,,

,"", 2. How can God treat a sinner as a righteous person? because he provides for him righteousness. , "" ,,,

, "" ,3. Is it right to give the title of "good" and "righteous" to one who has not earned it? Explain. Yes, because Jesus Christ has earned it for and on behalf of the sinner., "" ,,,

, "" ,4. What does redemption mean? ?complete deliverance by a price paid. , "" ,,,

, "" ,5. What was the price paid for our righteousness? ?Christ?s atoning death.(The blood) , "" ,,,

, "" ,6. Why does man need righteousness? because man must appear before God and heaven clothed in the garment of a perfectly righteous character. (Rev. 19:8) , "" ,,,

, "" ,7. Righteousness is imputed; but is it also imparted? Righteousness is imputed in justification and imparted in regeneration.. , "" ,,,

, "" , 8. What is a *propitiation*? ?that which secures God?s favor for the undeserving. , "" ,,,

, "" , 9. Why did Christ die? (To save?and secure what?) , "" ,,,

, "" , Christ died in order to save us from God?s righteous wrath and to secure His favor. , "" ,,,

, "" , 10. What are the sinners? garments considered to be in the eyes of God? , "" ,,,

, "" , defiled and tattered; “filthy rags”; in the eyes of God. , "" ,,,

, "" , 11. Why was the death of Jesus a perfect act of righteousness? it satisfied God?s Law. , "" ,,,

, "" , 12. In speaking of the provision of righteousness, what does *imputation* mean? , "" ,,,

, "" , Reckoning Christ's righteousness to our account. , "" ,,,

, "" , 13. What is *regeneration*? being born into the divine family of God . , "" ,,,

, "" , 14. What does "being in Christ" speak of?
Answer: The change of position . , "" ,,,

, "" , 15. What does "Christ being in you" speak of?
Answer: The change of conduct . , "" ,,,

, "" , 16. What is the means of justification? The means of justification is faith. , "" ,,,

, "" , 17. What is the instrument which appropriates the righteousness of God? Faith , "" ,,,

, "" , 18. What are the three operations of faith? , "" ,,,

, "" ,a. Faith appropriates , "" ,,,

, "" ,b. Faith applies , "" ,,,

, "" ,c. Faith activates , "" ,,,

, "" ,19. What is the actual operation of faith? , "" ,,,

, "" ,Faith not only passively receives, but also actively uses what God bestows. , "" ,,,

, "" ,Quiz: 6 ?

Soteriology,

Pt. 3 , "" ,,,

,"", (Justification, Pt. 2), "", ,,,

,"", 1. What is the grounds of justification?
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,"", 2. How can God treat a sinner as a righteous person? , "", ,,,

,"", because he provides for him righteousness. , "", ,,,

,"", 3. What does redemption mean? , "", ,,,

,"", ?complete deliverance by a price paid. , "", ,,,

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